Discharging of sewage and effluent of riven

2057. SHRI TRILOKINATH CHAT-URVEDI: DR. MURLI MANOHAR JOSHI:

Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to State:

(a) the names of places where untr eated sewage and effluent ds discharged in; the Ganga, Yamuna, and the principal tri butaries including Alaknanda, Mandakini, Gauri Ganga, Pinder etc. and further down stream together with the names of places where the sewer and effluent is discharged after treatment and what ac tion has been taken or proposed to be taken to stop the menace;

(b) whether Government are aware that a large number of touristspilgrims arc visiting the Uttrakhand area leaving a lot of garbage and are polluting the, environment and purity of the streams; and

(c) whether Government have formulated any plans and allocated funds for maintaining the purity of Ganga and Yamuna upstream from Hardwar and Paonta Saheb respectively; if so, the details thereof and if not, by when the* matter is ikely to received Government's attention?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS (SHRI KAMAL NATH): (a) The names of places showing the status of sewerage and sewage treatment along Ganga including Alaknanda ahd Mandakini, Yamtba and Gomti is enclosed as. Statement (See below) Under Ganga Action Plan Phase I, in 25 class I towns (having a population of more than 1 Iakh in 1981), works of interception, diversion and treatment of sewage were taken up. Under Ganga Action Plan Pnase II, the remaining works in these towns and other Class II towns are proposed to be taken for interception, diver-sion and treatment of sewage based co the proposals received from the State Government. Out of 264. industries discharging their effluent in to the river Ganga in September, 1985, 68 grossly Polluting industries were identified for setting up of effluent treatment plants and treating the industrial effluent before discharge in to the river. An inventory of additional industrial units polluting river Ganga and its main tributaries is under preparation. Simultaneously, all these industries are being monitored by the respective State Pollution Control Boards fo' setting up of the effluent treatment plants and discharging the eft*, luent after adequate treatment.

fb) It is true that a lares number of touristsjpilgrims vfcit Uttrakhand area but the pollution of streams and environment due to visit of these touristjpil-grims is of temporary nature. At various places, urinas and community toilets haye been provided by the State Govem-ment for keeping the area clean and maintaining hygienic conditions. Central assistance has been given to Non-Governmental Organisation for setting up low cost sanitation, Garbage Vins and Environmental awareness veneration in Uttarkashi area.

re) At the time of framing of Ganga Action Plan Phase II including the Yamuna component, the water quality of river Ganga and Yamuna above Rishikesh and Poauta Saheb respective"/ did not warrant any pollution abatment programmes and the works of Ganga Action Plan were initiated f om Rishikesh downward* and that of Yamuna from Yamuna Nagar — lagadri downwards. Also no proposals were received from State Govt, for these stretches.

Statement

A. *Towns situated along Ganga including Alaknanda and Mandakini status of sewerage and sewage treatment.*

S. No.	Name of Town	Status of sewerage and sewage treatment
1	2	3
	Uttar Pradesh	
1	Uttarkashi	Partly sewered. The State Government has prepared one sewerage scheme.
2	Badrinath	No sewerage provided.
3	Kedarnath	-do-
4	Joshimath	No problem of pollution. One crematorium constructed.
5	Gopeshwar	Quantity of sewage becomes negligible when it reaches river Ganga, therefore, no treatment arrangement.
6	Devprayag	10 urinals and 14 toilets provided; one sewerage scheme prepared.
7	Tehri	16 toilets and 22 unrinals provided. Population of town to be shifted to new Place where sewerage and sewage treatment is proposed.
8	Narandra Nagar	16 toilets and 22 urinals provided. No pollution problems as sewage travels 16 kms before reaching the river.
9	Srinagar	A sewerage and sewage treatment scheme has been proposed to the State Government.
10	Bageshwar	No problem of pollution.
11	Baliya	Quantity of sewage finding its way in river Ganga is negligible.
12	Bijnor	Quantity of sewage finding its way in river Ganga is negligible.
13	Mandawar	-do-
14	Anupshahar	-do-
15	Saidpur	Feasibility Report for sewerage and sewage treatment schemes prepared for Ganga Action Plan Phase-II activities.
16	Ramnagar	-do-
17	Garhmukteshwar	-do-
18	Mughal-Sarai	-do-
19	Ghazipur	-do-

1	2	3
20	Chunar	Part sewage of the town goes to the river, a scheme to prevent-pollution is proposed.
21	Haridwar—Rishikesh	All 20 schemes taken in the GAP Phase-I have been completed. Some remaining works are proposed under GAP Phase-II.
22	Kanpur	Out of 20 schemes taken under GAP Phase-I 18 have been completed. Proposals for GAP Phase-II have been framed.
23	Allahabad	17 of the 18 schemes taken under GAP Phase-I have been completed GAP Phase-II schemes framed.
24	Varanasi	All 34 schemes of GAP Phase-I have been completed Phase-II proposed.
25	Mirzapur	All schemes taken under GAP Phase-I have been completed.
26	Farrukhabad	All schemes under GAP Phase-I have been completed.
	Bihar	
27	Buxar	Proposals for sewerage and sewage treatment schemes proposed under GAP Phase-II
28	Ara	Proposals for sewerage and sewage treatment schemes proposed under GAP Phase-II.
29	Barh	-do-
30	Barhaiya	-do-
31	Sultanganj	-do-
32	Sahebganj	-do-
33	Hazipur	The State Government has not proposed any pollution abatement schemes.
34	Mokama	-do-
35	Barauni	-do-
36	Begusarai	-do-
37	Rajmahal	-do-
38	Patna	Most of the works taken under GAP Phase -I been completed, proposals for GAP Phase-II been framed up.
39	Bhagalpur	-do-
40	Munger	-do-
41	Chapra	-do-

1	2	3
	West Bengal	
42	Behrampur	Most of the works taken under GAP Phase -I have been completed. The remaining schemes are likely to be completed shortly.
43	Bhatpara	-do-
44	Titagarh	-do-
45	Bali	-do-
46	Howrah	-do-
47	Calcutta (Municipal Development area)	-do-
48	Panihati	-do-
49	Nabadwip	Schemes taken up under GAP Phase-I have been completed.
50	Hooghali-Chinsura	-do-
51	Chandan nagar	-do-
52	Barrackpore	-do-
53	Srirampur	-do-
54	Naihati	-do-
55	Bara nagar-kamarhati	-do-
56	Kalyani	-do-

Survey and studies for framing the pollution abatement proposals for additional towns under GAP Phase-II are being carried out by the State Govts. of West Bengal.

B. *Towns situated along Yamuna including Hindon and status of sewerage and sewage treatment*

S. No.	Name of Town	Status of sewerage and sewage treatment
1	2	3
1	Yamnotri	No sewerage
2	Kalsi	-do-
3	Dak Pathar	-do-
	Yamuna-Jagadri	Partly sewered, Action Plan for Pollution abatement of river Yamuna sanctioned.
	Karnal	-do-
	Panipat	-do-
	Sonepat	-do-
	Gurgaon	-do-
	Faridabad	-do-

1	2	3
10	Saharanpur	-do-
11	Muzzafarnagar	-do-
12	Ghaziabad	-do-
13	Noida	-do-
14	Vrindavan	-do-
15	Mathura	-do-
16	Agra	-do-
17	Etawah	-do-

C. *Towns situated along Gomti and status of sewerage and sewage treatment.*

S. No.	Name of Town	Status of sewerage and sewage treatment
1	Lucknow	Partly swewred Gomti Action Plan for pollution abatement sanctioned.
2	Sultanpur	-do-
3	Jaunpur	-do-

वन्य जीवों के प्रति अपराध

2058. **चौधरी हरमोहन सिंह :**
श्री ईश दत्त यादव :

क्या पर्यावरण और वन मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि :

(क) गत तीन वर्षों के दौरान वन्य-जीव संबंधी अपराधों के राज्य-वार तथा वर्ष-वार कितने-कितने मामले दर्ज किये गये हैं ;

(ख) उन पर अब तक क्या कार्यवाही की गई है ; और

(ग) क्या यह भी सच है कि वन्य-जीवों से संबंधित कानूनों को प्रभावशाली ढंग से लागू नहीं किया जा रहा है, यदि हां, तो इसके क्या कारण हैं?

पर्यावरण और वन मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (श्री कमल नाथ) : (क) और (ख) पिछले तीन वर्षों के दौरान विभिन्न राज्यों में दर्ज वन्यजीव संबंधी अपराध के मामलों के संबंध में सूचना एकत्र की जा रही है और सदन के पटल पर रख दी जायेगी ।

(ग) जी नहीं । तथापि स्थिति की नियमित रूप से समीक्षा की जाती है और आवश्यकता एवं उपलब्ध संसाधनों के अनुसार उपचारी उपाय किये जाते हैं ।

Chemical used at Goa Sea

2059. SHRI JOHN F. FERNANDAS: Will the Minister of ENVIRONMENT AND FORESTS be pleased to state:

(a) whether the chemical dispersant used at Goa sea to diffuse crude oil